# PRODUCT DATA SHEET Indium10.2HF

# Pb-Free Solder Paste

#### Introduction

Indium10.2HF is a no-clean solder paste, specifically formulated for today's Pb-free (Sn-based) alloys for PCB assembly in nitrogen or air reflow. The flux residue is formulated to be hard and fast breaking, yet non-tacky after reflow, in order to provide extraordinary flying probe and in-circuit testing (ICT) performance. Indium10.2HF provides excellent head-in-pillow (HIP) and non-wet open (NWO) resistance along with offering unprecedented stencil print transfer efficiency to work in the broadest range of processes.

#### **Features**

- Non-tacky fast break residue with excellent flying probe and ICT performance
- Excellent HIP and NWO performance
- Eliminates clogged apertures through advanced rheology
- · Superior wetting
- · High oxidation resistance
- · Halogen-free per EN14582 test method

#### **Alloys**

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of a variety of Pb-free alloys that cover a broad range of melting temperatures. Type 3 and Type 4 powders are standard offerings with SAC305 and SAC387 alloys. The metal percent is the weight percent of the solder powder in the solder paste and is dependent upon the powder type and application. Standard product offerings are detailed in the following table.

# **Standard Product Specifications**

Allow	Metal Load	
Alloy	Type 4	
95.5Sn/3.8Ag/0.7Cu (SAC387)	89%	
96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu (SAC305)		
98.5Sn/1.0Ag/0.5Cu (SAC105)		
99Sn/0.3Ag/0.7Cu (SAC0307)		

# **Compatible Products**

• Rework Flux: TACFlux® 020B, TACFlux® 089HF

Cored Wire: CW-802, CW-807
Wave Flux: WF-7745, WF-9945

# Storage and Handling Procedures

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. Solder paste packaged in cartridges should be stored tip down.

Storage Conditions (unopened containers)	Shelf Life
<10°C	6 months

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least 2 hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening.

# **Packaging**

**Indium10.2HF** is currently available in 500g jars or 600g cartridges. Packaging for enclosed print head systems is also readily available. Alternate packaging options may be available upon request.

#### **BELLCORE** and J-STD Tests & Results

DELEGOTIE and 0-01D 10303 & 11030103					
Test	Result	Test	Result		
J-STD-004 (IPC-TM-650)		J-STD-005 (IPC-TM-650)			
Flux Type (per J-STD-004A)	ROL0	Typical Solder Paste Viscosity Malcom (10rpm)	1,650 poise		
Flux Induced Corrosion (Copper Mirror)	Type L	Slump Test	Pass		
Presence of Halide Oxygen Bomb Followed by Ion Chromatography	<50ppm Br- <50ppm Cl-	Solder Ball Test	Pass		
SIR	Pass (>10°, 85°C, 85% R.H.)	Typical Tackiness	43 grams		
All information is for reference only.		Wetting Test	Pass		
Not to be used as incoming product specifications.		BELLCORE GR-78			
		SIR	Pass		
		Electromigration	Pass		



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#### **Printing**

#### Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

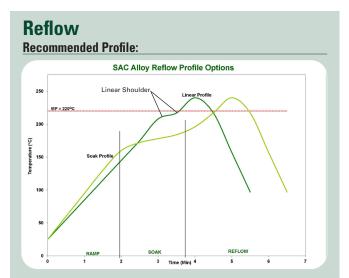
- Discrete components—A 10–20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The "home plate" design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components—A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process-dependent (5–15% is common).
- For optimum transfer efficiency and release of the solder paste from the stencil apertures, industry standard aperture and aspect ratios should be adhered to.

Printer Operation		
Solder Paste Bead Size	~20-25mm in diameter	
Print Speed	25-150mm/second	
Squeegee Pressure	0.018-0.027Kg/mm of blade length	
Underside Stencil Wipe	Start at once per every 5 prints and decrease frequency until optimum value is reached	
Squeegee Type/Angle	Metal with appropriate length / ~60 degrees	
Separation Speed	5-20mm/second or per equipment manufacturer's specifications	
Solder Paste Stencil Life	>8 hours (at 30–60% RH and 22–28°C)	

#### **Cleaning**

**Indium10.2HF** is designed for no-clean applications; however, the flux can be removed, if necessary, by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

**Stencil Cleaning** is best performed using isopropyl alcohol (IPA) as a solvent. Most commercially available stencil cleaners work well.



The stated profile recommendations apply to most Pb-free alloys in the SnAgCu (SAC) alloy system, including SAC305 (96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu). This can be used as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile when using **Indium10.2HF** solder paste. Deviations from these recommendations are acceptable, and may be necessary, based on specific process requirements, including board size, thickness, and density. Start with the linear profile, then move to the optional soak profile, if needed. The flat soak portion of the linear profile (linear shoulder) may also be eliminated.

Reflow Profile Details	SAC305 Parameters		Comments	
nellow Frome Details	Recommended	Acceptable	Comments	
Ramp Profile (Average Ambient to Peak)— Not the Same as Maximum Rising Slope	1.0-1.5°C/second	0.5–2.5°C/second	To minimize solder balling, beading, hot slump	
Soak Zone Profile (optional)	20–60 seconds	30–120 seconds	May minimize BGA/CSP voiding Eliminating/reducing the soak zone <u>may</u> help to reduce HIP and graping	
	140-160°C	140-170°C		
Time Above Liquidus (TAL)	45–60 seconds	30–100 seconds	Needed for good wetting/reliable solder joint As measured with thermocouple	
Peak Temperature	230-260°C	230-262°C		
Cooling Ramp Rate	2–6°C/second	0.5–6°C/second	Rapid cooling promotes fine grain structure	
Reflow Atmosphere	Air or N <sub>2</sub>		N <sub>2</sub> preferred for small components	

All parameters are for reference only.

Modifications may be required to fit process and design.

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All of Indium Corporation's solder paste and preform manufacturing facilities are IATF 16949:2016 certified. Indium Corporation is an ISO 9001:2015 registered company

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